

Annual Report 2014



PARTNERS IN PROGRESS



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Our Mission

UCB aims at identifying the excellent investment opportunities which are known to be plenty in Sudan. UCB endeavors to bring them to materialization for the benefit of the Sudanese economy on the one hand and the local, regional, and international investors on the other hand. The bank also aims at providing quality investment and financing services to prime corporate and government entities assisting them in achieving their growth and profitability objectives.

UCB hopes to realize these objectives through a robust strategy encouraging the mobilization of local, regional, and international financial resources necessary for the exploitation of Sudan's huge natural and human resources.





Board of Directors



Mohamed Al Adsani Chairman



Mr. Mansour BteishVice Chairman



Ms. Amira Alalami Member



Mr. Al-Sharef Badur Member



Prof. Ahmed Magzoub Member



Mr.Yousuf Al Thuwaikh Member



Mr. Abdul Salam Alsaleh Member



Mr. Ghanem Al-Ghanem Member



Mr. Kamal ElzubeirMember & GM



Mr. Ahmed Khair Secretary of the Board

Shariaa Committee



Dr. Kheider Ali Idris Chairman



Elshaiekh. Makhaoui Mudawi Makhawi Member



Dr. Eltigani Abdel Gadir Ahmed Member



Dr. Mommed Mahjoub BasharyShariah Controller &
Committee
Secretary

Executive Management



Mr. Kamal Ahmed Elzubeir Chief Executive Officer & General Manager



Mr. Yousif Ahmed El Tinay Deputy General Manager & Chief Commercial Officer



Mr. Tahir Ahmed ElshazliChief Operations
Officer

Senior Management



Mr. Elamin
Ahmed
Chief Internal Audit
Executive



Mrs. Salma HarounHead, Treasury & Int'l
Banking Relations



Mrs. Shadia Elkordofani Head, HR & Administration Affairs



Mr. Mustafa Bushara Head , Credit Administration Department



Mr. Abualama Mohamed Head, Risk Management



Mr. Osama AlfadilHead, Corporate
Finance



Mr. Abdelrazag MustafaHead, Information
Technology



Mr. Ahmed KhairHead, legal Department



Mr. Kamal Aldeen Elyass Planning & Business Development Manager



Mr. Abdelgadir MohamedCompliance Officer



Mr. Yasir Gafaar Financial Manager



Chairman's Report to the 10th Ordinary Annual General Assembly Meeting Khartoum, April 8, 2015

Introduction:

It gives me great pleasure to welcome you to the 10th Ordinary Annual General Assembly Meeting of United Capital Bank which will discuss the items stated on the Agenda with emphasis on the bank's Financial Statement for the year 2014.

The year 2014 was an important year in Sudan's economic history as the country's economy witnessed various difficulties which can be summarized in the following points:

- Devaluation of the local currency in spite of the government's efforts to control such an event
- Lack of foreign currency required to meet the increasing demand of the economy
- Increase in the inflation rate

In spite of these difficulties, a reasonable growth in GDP was achieved and the government continued to execute the plans related to the Three Year Program throughout 2014, which was the program's last year which involved encouraging the production of goods suitable for export on the one hand and the goods that are suitable for imports on the other.

Important achievements of the bank during the year:

During the year 2014, the bank ascertained its exceptional position in the field of financing large corporate and in the field of project finance in addition to arranging and managing syndicated financing as follows:

Trade Finance:

The bank continued its efforts in the field of trade finance with emphasis on financing export goods such as sesame, gold, livestock, gum Arabic in addition to financing agricultural and industrial inputs for the bank's clients capable of availing foreign currency from their own resources. The total value of exports carried out by the bank's clients during the year amounted to about Euro 33 million.

Project Finance:

The bank established good reputation in the field of financing vital projects throughout its short tenure. It took part in new transactions during the year, whilst following up on projects under construction from previous years.

Participation in and Arrangement and Management of Syndicated Facilities:

At present, the bank manages two long term syndicated financing facilities for White Nile Sugar Company and the Gazeira Scheme. During the year, the bank also managed, for the second time, a new portfolio for financing the cultivation and export of cotton for the season 2014-2015 in the irrigated agricultural schemes owned by the government with the participation of 13 banks for a total facility amount of SDG 450 million.

Vertical Expansion:

The bank is keen on slow and well planned organic growth in a manner that facilitates achieving its role in the field of corporate finance. Along these lines, the bank established a new branch in the city of Omdurman during 2014. The bank now operates 4 branches and it is expected to increase to 5 branches during 2015 as the bank is currently conducting studies to open a new branch in the city centre of Khartoum.

In spite of the difficult economic circumstances the county is experiencing, the bank's operations were largely unaffected. The bank continued its growth in a conservative and confident manner, which was reflected in the satisfactory financial results achieved.

Financial performance of the bank during the year:

During the year 2014, the bank continued its normal operations achieving growth in all the financial performance indicators.

Assets increased from about SDG 1,685 million at end of 2013 to about SDG 1,984 million at the end of 2014 (an increase of about 18%). The assets structure is a blend that ensures excellent returns and a high degree of liquidity.

Net income from finance and investment amounted to about SDG 107 million compared to about SDG 91million during 2013 hence achieving an increase of 18%.

Revenue from banking services amounted to about SDG 26 million compared to about SDG 34 million during 2013 a decrease of 24% caused by the drop in the issuance of letters of credit.

However, net profit after Zakat and Tax increased from about SDG 61 million in 2013 to about SDG 69 million in 2014 (an increase of 13%), and that was in spite of the large increase in Zakat from about SDG 3 million in 2013 to about SDG 9 million in 2014.

The following lists the important changes in revenues and expenses during the year 2014 compared to 2013:

- 1. The increase in net income from finance by SDG 16 million compared to last year representing about 18% from last year .
- 2. The increase in foreign currency revaluation by SDG 6 million compared to last year as it amounted to SDG 8 million compared to about SDG 2 million during 2013 and thus achieving an increase of 330% as a result of the devaluation of the Sudanese Pound against the US Dollar from SDG 5.9 by end of 2013 to SDG 6.3 by end of year 2014.
- 3. The reduction in the cost of finance by SDG 6 million compared to the previous year as it amounted to SDG 15 million during 2013 compared to about SDG 9 million during 2014 thus achieving a decrease of 38%.
- 4. The reduction of business profit tax from SDG 18 million in 2013 to about SDG 14 million in 2014.
- 5. The increase of operating expenses by about SDG 3 million; that is from 46 million in 2013 to about SDG 49 million in 2014 (an increase of 8%).
- 6. Earnings per share in 2014 amounted to about 2.85 compared with 2.52 in 2013.

The bank has attained a rating of "Satisfactory" at year-end from the Central Bank of Sudan according to Capital Adequacy, Assets Quality, Earnings Capacity and Liquidity Indicators (CAEL) which is considered to be one of the best ratings given to banks.

The bank's revenue was diversified as follows:

	2014	2013
Revenue from finance To Customers	67	64
Revenue from banking services	15	19
Revenue from securities	15	14
Revenue from deposits with banks	3	3
Total	100	100

Net direct finance portfolio in 2014 was about SDG 1,157 million compared to SDG 985 million in 2013 with an increase of 17%. A significant amount of this portfolio was financed by overseas financing resources in the form of financing from correspondent banks or deferred payment purchases of agricultural inputs for the cotton cultivation financing syndication. On the other hand, it is worth mentioning that the finance provided to the bank's clients was distributed among all economic sectors using different Islamic modes of finance.

The total volume of the finance portfolio after adding letters of credit and letters of guarantee amounted to about SDG 1,614 million. Unpaid finance installments were 2% of the total portfolio.

The bank's financial statement as at end of December 2014 reveals a high degree of liquidity as the maturity gap between assets and liabilities was as follows (in SDG millions):

	Less than 3 Months	3 - 6 Months	6 - 12 Months	More than a Year	Total
Assets	691	496	386	411	1,984
Liabilities	997	263	221	503	1,984

In this context, I am pleased to state below the major financial indicators of the bank during the last five years from 2009 to 2014 (in SDG millions):

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total Assets	778	879	1,006	1,504	1,685	1,984
Total Deposits	464	517	577	723	737	975
Shareholders' Equity	285	302	323	381	420	455
Finance to Customers	332	429	441	730	960	1,137
Net Profit (before tax and zakat)	26	39	44	87	82	92
Net Profit (after tax and zakat)	21	32	38	77	61	69
Earnings Per Share	0.87	1.34	1.59	3.2	2.52	2.85

The above shows an increase in the bank's assets from about SDG 778 million at end of 2009 to about SDG 1,984 at the end of 2014 (an increase of about 155%). Total net worth increased from about SDG 285 million at end of 2009 to about SDG 455 at the end of 2014 (an increase of about 60%).

It is worth mentioning that the bank adheres to and complies with international regularity requirements and is keen to follow the Central bank of Sudan's directives, International Accounting Standards and AAIOFI Standards.

Furthermore, the bank aims at providing the highest degree of transparency in displaying its financial reports, including all types of risks whether it be financial or operational as required by best International Standards and Practice.

The bank pays special attention to training its employees through nominating them to attend specialized training programs inside and outside Sudan and during the year a total of 62 employees were nominated to attend 45 training courses inside the Sudan and 17 training courses outside the Sudan.

At the same time, the bank plays a distinguished social role by paying Zakat to the Bureau of Zakat and making social contributions to individuals and institutions.

On a special note, it gives me great pleasure to state that during the year, the bank sponsored the youth competition program called "Mashrouy Pioneer Business Ideas" for the second time jointly with a number of other corporates. The aim of the program is to create a competition among young individuals to come up with ideas for new investment projects that are innovative in nature and economically viable. This programme was arranged by the British Council and the British Embassy in Khartoum in collaboration with the Sudanese Young Businessmen Association.

The program was very successful and over 1,500 contestants participated in the event. The best 3 projects will be awarded cash presents. A trip to the United Kingdom will be arranged for them to meet business pioneers there. In its first version, the program was broadcasted over 10 TV epi-

sodes and was very popular among the public and was commented upon in all types of media and economic sectors. Above all, it was really an added value to the bank's existing good reputation.

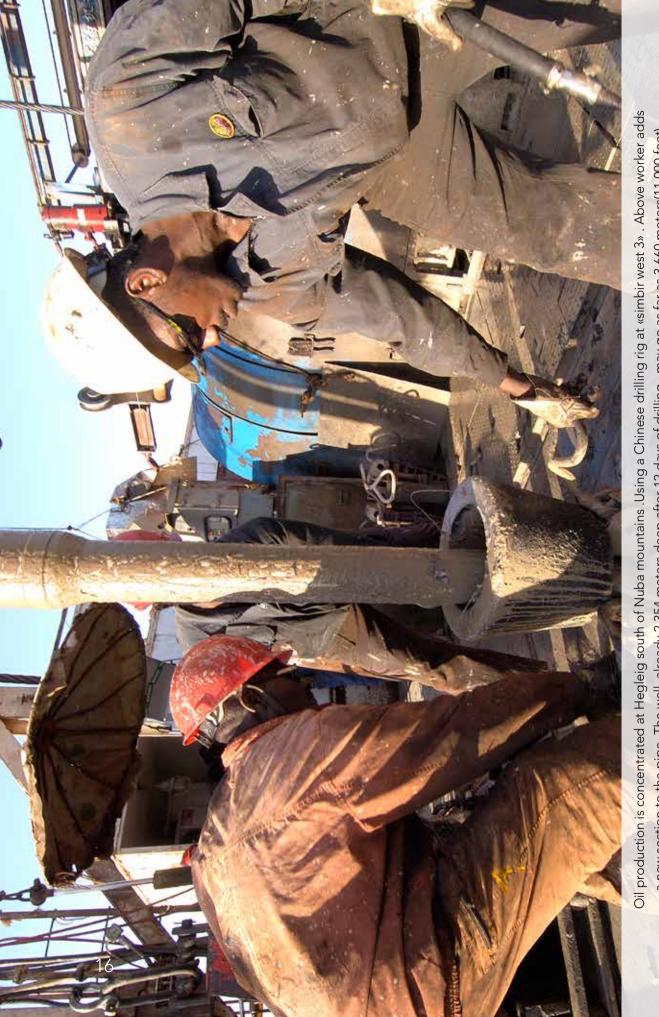
At the end, I would like to convey, on behalf of the Board of Directors, our thanks and gratitude to the Central Bank of Sudan for their valued efforts and distinguished supervisory role. We would like to equally thank all our customers and foreign correspondents for the valuable trust they bestowed on us.

The Board also wishes to convey its thanks to the Sharia Supervisory Committee for its valued and prudent guidance in all Sharia issues raised by the bank and for their continuous assistance to the bank's management to insure compliance with Sharia rules in all the bank's activities. Thanks are also extended to the External Auditors for the counsel provided and for making it possible to issue the audited financial statements in a relatively record time.

The Board records its thanks to the employees of the bank and the Executive Management for their sincere efforts, loyalty and diligence without which the bank would not have achieved such impressive results.

Finally, we pray to God for continued success.

Mohamed Khalifa Al Adsani Chairman of the Board of Directors



a new section to the pipe. The well, already 2,354 meters deep after 12 days of drilling, may go as far as 3,660 meters(11,000 feet)

Chief Executive Officer & General Manager's Report

United Capital Bank (UCB) achieved significant growth during the last few years (2010-2014) as indicated below:-

(SDG MILLION)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Total Assets	879	1,006	1,504	1,685	1,984
Finance to Customers	429	441	730	960	1,137
Shareholders' equity	302	323	381	420	455
Customers' deposits	221	309	341	294	358
Equity of investment account holders	296	246	382	443	617
Gross Income	81	71	138	128	142
Net Profit (before tax and zakat)	39	44	87	82	92

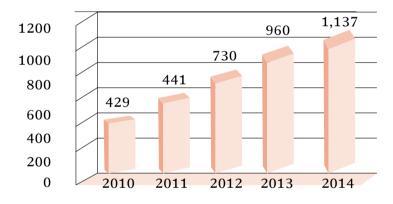
During this short period, the Bank was able to form an excellent customer base in both deposit placement and financing.



Total Assets (SDG MILLION)

879	2010
1,006	2011
1,504	2012
1,685	2013
1,984	2014

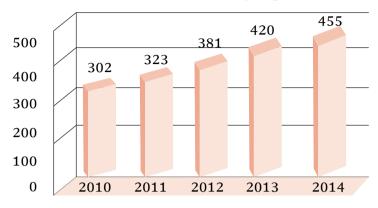
Finance to Customers



Finance to Customrs (SDG MILLION)

429	2010
441	2011
730	2012
960	2013
1,137	2014

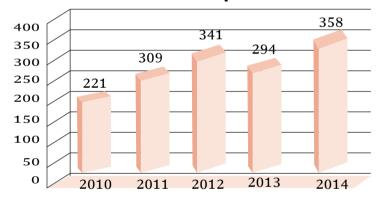
Shareholders' Equity



Shareholders' Equity (SDG MILLION)

302	2010
323	2011
381	2012
420	2013
455	2014

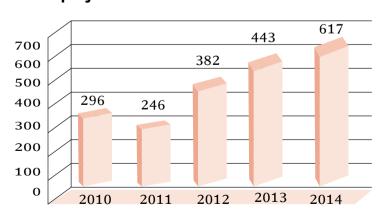
Customers'Deposites



Customers' Deposites (SDG MILLION)

221	2010
309	2011
341	2012
294	2013
358	2014

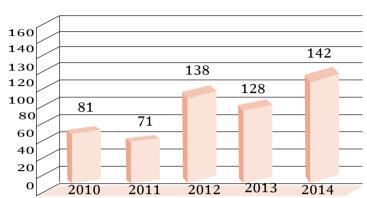
Equity of Investment Accounts Holders



Equity of investment accounts holders (SDG MILLION)

296	2010
246	2011
382	2012
443	2013
617	2014

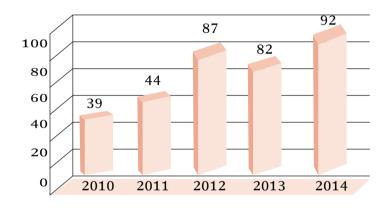




Gross Income (SDG MILLION)

81	2010
71	2011
138	2012
128	2013
142	2014

Net Profit (before tax & zakat)



Net Profit (before tax & zakat) (SDG MILLION)

39	2010
44	2011
87	2012
82	2013
92	2014

Management focused during these years on the recruitment of high caliber staff at all levels. The number of staff increased gradually from 139 at the end of 2010 to 157 at end of this year 2014.

The organizational structure of the bank constitutes of several departments. Each department performs its duties in accordance with best practice, at the highest level of professionalism and in complete co-ordination and teamwork spirit with other departments.



External Auditor's Report



Aboulela New Building Gamhoria Street P.O. Box 1608 Khartoum – Sudan Telephone: +249- 183- 771205 Fax: +249- 183- 777581 e-mil::mail@sheikhco.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of United Capital Bank (public limited company)

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of United Capital Bank, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31st, 2014, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), International Financial Reporting Standards for items not covered by AAOIFI standards and Central Bank of Sudan regulations. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Bank as of 31st December 2014 and of its consolidated financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), International Financial Reporting Standards for items not covered by AAOIFI standards, the general principles as determined by the Bank's Shari'a Supervisory Committee and Central Bank of Sudan regulations.

Sheikh & Co
Chartered Accountants
Sheikh & Co

February 22, 2015

Consolidated Financial Statements as at December 31, 2014

UNITED CAPITAL BANK

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At December 31, 2014

ASSETS Cash and balances with banks and financial institutions 4 Investments with banks and financial institutions 5	SDG 376.444.349 75.000.000 260.297.945	SDG 338,341,571 86,618,516
		86,618,516
2	260,297,945	
Investments in securities 6		192,401,619
Finance to customers, net 7	1,137,191,005	959,620,883
Other investments 8	5,037,873	6,461,000
Other assets 9	62,625,972	38,657,206
Property and equipment, net	67.228.431	63,191,258
TOTAL ASSETS	1.983.825.575	1,685,292,053
LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Liabilities		
Due to banks and financial institutions 11	380,428,365	428,123,967
Customers' deposits 12	358,158,323	293,952,687
Other Liabilities 13	173.006.774	100,558,102
TOTAL LIABILITIES	911,593,462	822.634.756
EQUITY OF UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS Investment deposits of banks and financial institutions Other Investment deposits TOTAL EQUITY OF UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT	335.719.380 281.659.316	313.624.583 129.048.774
ACCOUNT HOLDERS	617.378.696	442,673,357
Shareholders' equity	240,000,000	240,000,000
Share capital 16	240,000,000	240,000,000
Share premium 17	4.500.000 32.775.949	4,500,000 26,071,006
Statutory reserve 18	56.478.927	48.247.343
Foreign currencies revaluation reserve 19	82.681.086	67.547.110
Retained earnings	38,400,000	33,600,000
Proposed dividends 20	454.835.962	419,965,459
Total Shareholders' equity of the parent company		
Non-controlling interest	17,455	18,481
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	454.853.417	419,983,940
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS FOLLITY	1,983,825,575	1,685,292,053
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES 31	1,387,679,732	1,210,670,995

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on Feb 19, 2015.

Mohammed Khalifa Aladsani Chairman and Managing Director Mansour Qaiser Bteish Vice-Chairman Kamal Ahmed Elzubeir General Manager

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Notes	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
INCOME FROM :			
investments with banks and financial institutions	21	5.573.421	4,903,258
investments in securities	22	26.177.813	24,477,869
Finance to customers	23	118,277,754	112,075,670
income from other investments		1.818.331	-
fotal income from financing and investments		151,847,319	141,456,797
ess: Return to unrestricted investment account holders	24	(35,503,048)	(35,600,541)
Less : Finance Cost		(9.103,491)	(14,734,709)
Net income from investments and financing		107.240.780	91,121,547
Fee income	25	25.665.260	33.911.776
Foreign exchange gain, net	26	8.622.319	2,620,592
Total operating income		141.528.359	127,653,915
EXPENSES			
Staff cost		(26.904.684)	(21,290,982)
General and administrative expenses	27	(20.591.052)	(16.368,460)
Depreciation	10	(5.804,977)	(5,059,390)
Provision for finance losses	7.1.3	3.916.115	7.456.132
Provision for impairment		(79.738)	(10,626,347)
Total operating expenses		(49.464,336)	(45,889,047)
Net operating profit before zakat and income tax		92.064.023	81.764,868
Zakat expense		(9.225.817)	(3.114.423)
Income tax expense		(14.366,229)	(18,105,117)
Net profit		68.471.977	60,545,328
Less: net profit attributable to non-controlling interest		(1.474)	(2.933)
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent compa	ny	68,470,503	60,542,395
Earnings per share	28	2.85	2,52
	4.	1	125
Mohammed Khatifa Aladsani Mansour C) Daiser Bteish	Kamal	Abmed Elzubeir

Vice-Chairman

General Manager

The attached notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chairman and Managing Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	Notes	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net profit for the year		68.470.503	60.542.395
Adjustments for non-cash items:			
Depreciation and amortization		5.804.977	5.059.390
Zakat		9.225.817	3.114,423
Income tax		14.366.229	18,105,117
Provision for staff end of service benefits		1.311.901	(1.322.787)
Provision for finance losses		(3.836,377)	(7,456.132)
Unrealized gain from securities		(6.923.306)	(4.139.228)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(546.948)	(814.999)
Operating profit before working capital changes		87.872.796	73.088.179
Net (increase)/decrease in operating assets:			
Statutory cash reserve		(8.668.677)	12,202,510
Cash margin on LCs & LGs		(19.117.941)	37,793,540
Finance to customers		(173.733.745)	(222.213.225)
Other assets		(17.045,460)	(16.407.186)
Net increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Due to banks and financial institutions		(47.695,602)	164.619.956
Customers deposits		64.205.636	(47,178,366)
Other liabilities		47.548,467	(55,123,339)
Net cash used in operating activities		(66,634,526)	(53.217.931)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of investments		(97.975.826)	(51,561,403)
Proceeds from sale of investment		31.502.627	39.708.941
Acquisition of property and equipment		(9.845.784)	(16,542,033)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		550.582	1.269.481
Net cash used in investing activities		(75.768,401)	(27.125,014)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			20000
Net movement in non-controlling interest		(1.026)	2.933
Dividends paid		(33.603.742)	(21.383.360)
Net increase in equity of unrestricted investment accounts		174.705.339	60,340,466
Net cash from financing activities		141.100.571_	38.960,039
Net decrease in cash & cash equivalents		(1.302.356)	(41.382.906)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		366,102,120	407.485.026
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	29	364.799.764	366.102.120

Mohammed Khalifa Aladsani Chairman and Managing Director

Mansour Qaiser Bteish Vice-Chairman Kamal Ahmed Elzubeir General Manager

UNITED CAPITAL BANK

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended December 31, 2014

		Share capital	Share premium	Statutory	Fair value reserve	F. currencies revaluation reserves	Retained	Proposed	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total Shareholders' equity
	Note	SDG	SDG	SDG	SDG		SDG	SDG	SpG	SDG	SDCS
Balance at January 1, 2014		240,000,000	4,500,000	26,071,006	1	48,247,343	67,547,110	33,600,000	419,965,459	18,481	419,983,940
Net Profit for the year		4					68,470,503	٠	68,470,503	1,474	68,471,977
Transfer to statutory reserve	18	٠		6,704,943	10		(6,704,943)		160		٠
Net change in fair value reserve			- 2	,				٠		1	22
Foreign Currencies revaluation	19	774	2.4			8,231,584	(8,231,584)	٠	4	,	×
Dividends paid		()(*		*			(33,600,000)	(33,600,000)	(2,500)	(33,602,500)
Proposed dividends	20	1				,	(38,400,000)	38,400,000			
Balance at December 31, 2014		240,000,000	4,500,000	32,775,949		56,478,927	82,681,086	38,400,000	454,835,962	17,455	454,853,417
Balance at January 1, 2013		240,000,000	4,500,000	20,045,800	161,95	46,313,188	48,564,076	21,600,000	381,079,855	15,548	381,095,403
Net Profit for the year			1				60,542,395		60,542,395	2,933	60,545,328
Transfer to statutory reserve	18	*	86	6,025,206	•	30	(6,025,206)		*	*	*
Net change in fair value reserve		90	*	9	(56,791)	*	*		(36,791)	80	(56,791)
Foreign Currencies revaluation	19		i		٠	1,934,155	(1,934,155)	•	6	•	*
Dividends paid				0.00				(21,600,000)	(21,600,000)	3	(21,600,000)
Proposed dividends	20			4	1	Î	(33,600,000)	33,600,000			
Balance at December 31, 2013		240,000,000	4,500,000	26,071,006		48,247,343	67,547,110	33,600,000	419,965,459	18,481	419,983,940
	A				A	#				3	()
Mohammed Khufffa Aladsani	Ŧ				Mansour	Mansour Qaiser Bteish				Kamal Ah	Kamal Ahmed Elzubeir

The attached notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

1. INCORPORATION AND ACTIVITIES

United Capital Bank (the Bank) is a public limited company registered in the Republic of Sudan on November 25, 2007 under the Companies' Ordinance of 1925. The Bank was initially registered on August 8, 2005 as a private limited company and commenced banking operations on August 1, 2006.

The Bank's shares were listed for trading at the Khartoum Stock Exchange with effect from November 25,

The Bank is engaged in providing a full range of Islamic banking services to corporate and institutional The Bank operates through four branches (2013: Three branches) in the Republic of Sudan. Its registered office is located at Building No. 411, Square 65, Mamoun Behairy Street, Khartoum East, Post Office Box 8210, Al-Amaarat, Khartoum, Sudan. Fax no. 00249 183 235 000, web site: www.bankalmal.net.

The Bank owns 99% of the shares of Al-Mal United for Securities Company Limited (Al-Mal), which was registered with the Company Registrar and started operations in April 2008. Al-Mal provides financial investment and brokerage services and is a licensed dealer at the Khartoum Stock Exchange. The Bank also owns 99% of the shares of Al-Mawarid Investment Company Limited (Al-Mawarid), which was registered with the Company Registrar in January 2009 and started operations in April 1, 2009. Al-Mawarid is licensed to invest in real estate development and various other economic sectors.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards (FAS) issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), the Shariah rules and principles as determined by the Shariah Supervisory Committee of the Bank and the applicable regulations of the Central Bank of Sudan. In accordance with the requirement of AAOIFI, for matters where no AAOIFI standards exist, the Bank applies the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

2.2 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the historical cost concept except for the remeasurement at fair value of investment securities carried at fair value through income statement and equity.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Sudanese Pounds (SDG) which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

2.4 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries, Almal United Company Limited and Almawarid Investment Co. Ltd. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as that of the Bank, using consistent accounting Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Bank obtains control, and continues to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.4 Basis of consolidation (continued)

All inter-company balances, transactions, income and expenses arising from inter-company transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Non-controlling interest represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets not owned by the Bank and are presented separately in the income statement and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separate from parent shareholders' equity.

2.5 Critical accounting judgments and estimates

In the application of the Bank's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2.5.1 Impairment losses on financing portfolio

The Bank reviews its financing portfolio on a monthly basis in terms of the collection from customers to determine if there is any delay in payments or any decrease in the value of the portfolio or the future cash flows which requires the establishment of a specific provision.

The amount of provision is calculated in accordance with the directives of the Central Bank of Sudan. In addition, in accordance with the Central Bank of Sudan instructions, minimum general provision of 1% is made on all finance balances not subject to specific provisions.

2.5.2 Impairment of equity-type instruments through equity

The Bank exercises judgment to consider impairment on equity-type instruments through equity. This includes determination of a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. In making this judgment, the Bank evaluates other factors including the normal volatility in securities price, the financial health of the investee, industry sector performance and cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.5.3 Fair value of financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market

The fair values of financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market are determined by using valuation techniques such as:

- * recent arm's length market transactions;
- * current fair value of an instrument that is substantially the same;
- * the expected cash flows discounted at current rates applicable for items with similar terms and risk characteristics.

The determination of the cash flows and discount factors for unquoted equity investments requires significant estimation. There are a number of investments where this estimation cannot be reliably determined. As a result, these investments are carried at cost less provision for impairment.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Change in accounting policy

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for Shahama certificates which the Bank has chosen to be classified at cost with income recognition calculated on the minimum rate of profit distributed within the last three years, instead of being classified at fair value through income statement.

The main reason behind this reclassification is that Khartoum Stock of Exchange is no longer an active market, so it is not reflecting the real value for these certificates.

Also the Bank is not generally selling these certificates in the secondary market as it abides to the mechanism of the Central Bank of Sudan in covering any defeat in liquidity – if any.

There is no material effect due to the change in accounting policy of Shahama certificates classification.

The significant policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below:

3.2 Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives as follow:

	<u>Useful life (years)</u>
 Leasehold land 	50
Bank's Building	50
 Leased Buildings (Lease tenor) 	10
IT equipment	4
 Office equipment, furniture and fixtures 	5
 Motor vehicles 	4
 Computer software 	5
Office equipment, furniture and fixturesMotor vehicles	5 4 5

The assets' residual values and useful life are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the date of each statement of financial position. All assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The attached notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.3 Impairment and uncollectibility of financial and tangible assets

The carrying amounts of the Bank's financial assets and tangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication or objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication or evidence exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset is determined and any impairment loss is recognized in the income statement.

3.4 Investment in securities

According to FAS 25, investments in securities are broadly classified into debt-type instruments where the investment is managed on a contractual yield basis; and equity-type investments which include instruments that evidence a residual interest in the net assets of the investee entity.

The investment securities held by the Bank fall into the equity-type category which are subject to the following policies:

3.4.1 Equity-type instruments at fair value through income statement:

These include instruments held for the purpose of generating profit from the short term market fluctuations. These are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given, and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. All related realized and unrealized gains or losses are included in the consolidated income statement.

3.4.2 Equity-type instruments at fair value through equity:

Equity-type investments carried at fair value through equity are those equity instruments which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity. These are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given, plus transaction costs. Subsequent to acquisition, these are re-measured at fair value on individual basis. Unrealized gains or losses arising from a change in the fair value are recognized directly in owner's equity under "fair value reserve" until the investment is derecognized or determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recorded in owners' equity is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

3.4.3 Equity-type instruments carried at cost:

Instruments which do not have a quoted market price as it is not listed in the market or do not have an active market or its fair value cannot be determined in any other appropriate method, are recognized at cost less any impairment in value —if any.

Any gain on such investment is calculated on the lowest profit's rate distributed in the last three years. Gain or Loss on these investments is recognized when these investments are disinvested.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.5 Investments with banks and financial institutions

Placements in investment accounts based on the Mudaraba contract with banks and financial institutions are stated at cost less provision for impairment, if any.

3.6 Finance to customers

Deferred receivables from Murabaha, Salam, Ijarah and Istisna are stated net of deferred profit, provision for impairment and profit in suspense, if any.

Participation in syndicated financing with other banks based on the Mudaraba contract is stated at cost less impairment, if any.

Financing through Musharakah is stated at gross principal amount less any liquidation and provision for impairment, if any.

3.7 Other financial assets and liabilities

With regard to other financial assets and financial liabilities, fair value is determined based on expected future cash flows or management's estimate of the amount at which an asset could be exchanged for cash on an arm's length basis or a liability settled to the satisfaction of creditors.

3.8 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash, balances with the Central Bank of Sudan excluding statutory cash reserve, balances and investment deposits with banks and other financial institutions that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash within ninety days.

3.9 Provisions

Provisions, other than impairment or finance loss provisions, are recognized when the Bank has an obligation (legal or constructive) arising from a past event, and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and able to be reliably measured.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

3.10 Zakat

Zakat is calculated and provided for, in accordance with the regulations of the Chamber of Zakat which is a government agency responsible for collection and distribution of Zakat. Zakat is paid in full to the Chamber of Zakat.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Taxation

The Bank is subject to business profit tax at the rate of 30% of taxable profit. Zakat is allowed as deduction for income tax purposes.

3.12 Staff end of service benefits

A provision is made for amounts payable to employees for end-of-service benefits, which is calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Labour Law and the Bank's internal HR policy.

3.13 Revenue recognition

Income from Murabaha finance is recognized on a time-apportioned basis over the period of the contract based on the outstanding balance.

Income from Istisnaa arises from financing the contract and post-contract phases of the project. Profit from financing the contract phase of the Istisnaa Project is recognized on the percentage of completion method. No profit is recognized on this phase until the project has progressed to the point where the estimate of realizable profit can be reasonably determined. Profit from financing the completed project is recognized on a time-apportioned basis over the period.

Ijarah income is recognized on a time-apportioned basis over the lease period.

Profit or loss from Salam finance is recognized when Salam commodity has been received and the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the Salam inventory have passed to a buyer and the amount of profit or loss is realized or can be measured reliably.

Income from participation in syndicated facilities managed by other banks under Mudaraba contracts is recognized on an accrual basis.

Profit from Mudaraba investments with banks and other financial institutions is recognized on an accrual . . Income from Musharakah financing is recognized on cash basis if such income cannot be reliably measured.

In cases where income can be reliably measured (e.g. where the Musharakah activities are in the form of deferred sales such as Murabaha and Ijarah) then the Bank's income from such Musharakah is recognized on the accrual basis.

Income from equity-type investment carried at cost is recognized on accrual basis.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Fee and foreign exchange income from banking services and foreign exchange transactions are recognized when contractually earned at the time the related services are provided.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.14 Settlement date accounting

All regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date i.e. the date on which the asset is delivered to the counterparty. Regular purchases and sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

3.15 Return to Unrestricted Investment Account holders

Return to Unrestricted Investment Account holders is calculated based on the income generated from all financing and investment assets after deducting the expenses related to the investment pool "Mudarib expenses". Mudarib expenses include all expenses directly attributed to the investment and financing activities and the general provision for finance losses. All general and administrative expenses of the Bank including the specific provisions for finance losses are charged to revenue allocated to the shareholders' equity. The Bank's "Mudarib Profit" is deducted from depositors' share of income before distribution.

The financing and investment income is allocated between the unrestricted investment account holders and the shareholders' equity according to the contribution of each of the two parties in the invested funds according to the Bank's standard policies approved by the Bank's Sharia Supervisory Committee.

3.16 Restricted investment accounts

Restricted investment accounts represent funds belonging to the Bank's customers for which it has assumed investment management responsibility. Such funds are invested on behalf of the customers by the Bank acting as mudarib or agent, or the funds may be invested by the Bank in its own name under the terms of a specific Mudaraba contract with the customers.

Restricted investment accounts and the attributable investment income or loss are not included in the Bank's consolidated financial statements and are directly paid to the customers after deduction of the Bank's stated commission as agent or profit share as Mudarib.

3.17 Commitments and Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements, but are disclosed in the notes only unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is remote.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements, but are disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.18 Foreign currency transactions

The consolidated financial statements are denominated in Sudanese Pounds (SDG). Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into SDG at the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date . Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, at balance sheet date, are translated Realized and unrealized gains or losses on foreign exchange are credited or charged to the consolidated income statement.

4- CASH AND BALANCES WITH BANKS AND INSTITUTIONS	Notes	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
Cash in hand	4.1	10.228.835	9,143,155
Central Bank of Sudan - Current account	4.1	206,753,398	156,278,946
Local Banks -Current accounts		9.188	1,898,858
Foreign correspondent banks - Current accounts	4.1	72.808.343	112.162.645
Sub-total		289.799.764	279.483.604
Central Bank of Sudan - Statutory Cash Reserve	4.1	59.458.398	50.789.721
Cash margin on letters of credit with	4.1	27.186.187	8.068.246
Total		376.444.349	338.341.571
		2014 SDG	2013 SDG
4.1 Foreign currency balances included in the above	e balance	s are as follows:	
Cash in hand		1.413.257	330.756
Central Bank of Sudan - Current account		109.719.159	140.134.780
Foreign correspondent banks – Current accounts		72,808,343	111,959,347
Sub-total		183,940,759	252,424,883
Central Bank of Sudan - Statutory cash reserve		25.417.617	23.994.758
Cash margin on letters of credit with correspondent	banks	27.186.187	8.068.246
Total		236,544,563	284,487,887

5- INVESTMENTS WITH BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

These represent investment accounts placed with banks and financial institutions according to Mudaraba contracts for renewable periods not exceeding one month. Partial and total withdrawals

Balances at December 31, are as follows:

	2014	2013
	SDG	SDG
Local banks	75,000,000	83,000,000
Foreign banks and financial institutions	_	3,618,516
Total	75,000,000	86,618,516

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

6- INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

Comprise the following equity-type instruments:	Note	2014	2013
		SDG	SDG
Securities at fair value through equity			
Liqudity Management Fund- Not listed	6.1	56,999,945	_
Securities carried at cost			
Shahama Certificates - Listed	6.2	129,455,500	95,841,619
Shihab Certificates - Listed	6.3	_	16,170,000
Shasha Certificates - Listed	6.4	73,242,500	79,790,000
Sudan Academy Fund - Not listed	6.5	600,000	600,000
Total		260,297,945	192,401,619

Investment securities at fair value through equity:

6.1 Liqudity Management Fund: This is a fund concerned with the liquidity management among banks, where all Banks operating in Sudan are contributing in. The Fund is managed by Financial Investment Bank with a capital of SDG 750 Million divided into 750,000 Share (*Sukuk*) with nominal value of one thousand SDG. These *Sukuk* are not traded in Khartoum Stock Exchange Market (KSE). The objective of this fund is to recover the over draft current account with Central Bank of Sudan in local currency for all the participating banks with specific regulations, not only but also the Fund invests excess money in Shahama certificates.

The Shares (Sukuk) invested in this fund are valued on daily basis and profits are distributed on annual basis.

Investment securities carried at cost:

- **6.2 Shahama Certificates:** Represents securities issued by the Ministry of Finance and are based on the Musharaka contract. The certificates are traded at Khartoum Stock Exchange (KSE). They consistently recorded a yield not less than 14% per annum since their inception in 1999. Current year yield for redeemed securities ranged between 16% to 20%.
- **6.3 Shihab Certificates:** Represent investment based on the Mudaraba contract, in closed-ended fund operated in favor of the Central Bank of Sudan (CBOS) maturing on May 31, 2015. The fund, being a liquidity management instrument of the CBOS, invests in properties acquired from and leased back to the CBOS. Certificates of the fund are available only to banks, government and quasigovernment funds and financial institutions through the CBOS. Rental income is distributed monthly and is expected to yield between 10% to 12% per annum.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

6- INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES (continued)

Investment securities carried at cost:(continued)

6.4 Shasha Certificates: The Bank acquired these securities on December 2012 and March 2013 in settlement of past-due financing collateralized by promissory notes issued by the Ministry of Finance. The securities represent investment based on the Mudarabah contract in closed-ended renewable fund managed by the Sudan Financial Services Co. Ltd. The fund's contributions are allocated to acquire certain assets of Sudan Electricity Distribution Co. which are then leased back to the Ministry of Finance under operating lease contract for a tenor of four years. At the end of the lease term the fund's assets are liquidated at market prices prevailing on liquidation date. These securities are trading in the secondary and inter-bank market. Lease rentals at 5% p.a. are expected to be distributed annually.

6.5 Sudan Academy for Financial and Banking Studies Fund: Represents the Bank's contribution together with all commercial banks operating in Sudan in addition to the Central Bank of Sudan in a 5 year closed ended fund managed by Financial Investment Bank. The fund resources will be invested in securities quoted at the Khartoum Stock Exchange with expected return ranging from 12% to 14% per annum. It has been agreed to allocate 55% of the fund's return as donation to the Sudan Academy for Financial and Banking Studies and 45% to be distributed to the fund owners.

2012

7- FINANCE TO CUSTOMERS, NET

7.1 By type Notes SDG SDG	
Deferred sales receivables :	
Murabaha receivables 1,025,663,604 890,77	0,842
Istisna receivables 22,054,713 25,41	6,900
Ijara 7.1.1 166,463,259 195,41	4,244
Salam 28,717,122 6,98	1,319
LCs financing – 1,91	6,419
Syndicated Mudaraba financing with banks 15,720,719 17,61	5,969
Musharaka financing 22,704,972	-
Staff Financing 3,334,800 2,68	4,407
Subtotal 1,284,659,189 1,140,80	0,100
Less : deferred profit (127,731,911) (156,02	5,099)
Total finance, net of deferred profit 1,156,927,278 984,77	5,001
Less: Income suspense-past-due accounts (304,260) (1,80	5,990)
Less: provision for finance losses 7.1.2 (19,432,013) (23,34	8,128)
Total finance to customers, net <u>1,137,191,005</u> <u>959,62</u>	0,883
7.1.1 Ijara comprise:	
Cost of leased property 119,495,918 135,47	8,501
Cost of leased motor vehicles 25,816,605 19,99	9,254
Deferred rental 21,150,736 39,93	6,489
Total 166,463,259 195,41	4,244

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

7- FINANCE TO CUSTOMERS, NET (contin	nued)		
7.1.2 Movements in the provision for finance lose	s:	2014	2013
The accumulated provision for finance losses is	as follows:	SDG	SDG
General Provision:			
Balance at beginning of the year		9.024.229	6.439.475
Provided during the year	_	1.900.518	2,584,754
Balance at the end of the year	_	10.924.747	9.024.229
Specific Provision:			
Balance at beginning of the year		14,323,899	24,364,785
Provided during the year		1,299,943	3,723,408
Recoveries of amounts previously provided		(7,116,576)	(13,764,294)
Balance at the end of the year		8,507,266	14,323,899
Total accumulated provision at end of the yea	r _	19,432,013	23,348,128
7.1.3 Net charge (recovery) of provision for credi in the consolidated income statement	t losses for t	he year	
	Notes	2014	2013
		SDG	SDG
General Provision:			
Total charge of general provision	a _	1,900,518	2,584,754
Specific Provision:			
Addition during the year		1,299,943	3,723,408
Recoveries of amounts previously provided		(7,116,576)	(13,764,294)
Total recovery of specific provision	=	(5,816,633)	(10,040,886)
Net recovery of the provision expense for the	year (a+b)	(3,916,115)	(7,456,132)

The above provisions for finance losses are calculated in accordance with the guidelines of the Central Bank of Sudan which require a general provision of 1% to be accounted for finance to customers not subject to specific provision.

At December 31, 2014 total past due installments, including profit margins is SDG 46,630,804 (2013: 8,216,487).

		2014	2013
7.2 By Industry		SDG	SDG
Manufacturing		742,108,324	743,825,379
Trading		131,622,089	101,824,776
Contracting		22,984,487	15,752,517
Services		26,241,946	30,074,700
Agriculture		280,811,640	184,010,897
Transportation		56,645,255	1,656,286
Other		24,245,448	63,655,545
Total finance, gross		1,284,659,189	1,140,800,100
Less: Deferred profit		(127,731,911)	(156,025,099)
Total finance, net of deferred profit		1,156,927,278	984,775,001
Less Income suspense-past-due accounts		(304,260)	(1,805,990)
less: Provision for finance losses	7.1.2	(19,432,013)	(23,348,128)
Finance to customers, net		1.137.191.005	959.620.883

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

7- FINANCE TO CUSTOMERS, NET (continued)

7.3 By Portfolio	Notes	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
Performing finance to customers Non-performing finance to customers	7.3.1	1,238,028,385 46,630,804	1,132,583,613 8,216,487
Total finance to customers Less: Deferred profit		1,284,659,189 (127,731,911)	1,140,800,100 (156,025,099)
Total finance to customers, net of deferred profit		1,156,927,278	984,775,001
Income suspense -past-due accounts General provision Specific provision	7.1.2 7.1.2	(304,260) (10,924,747) (8,507,266)	(1,805,990) (9,024,229) (14,323,899)
Total provision & income suspense		(19,736,273)	(25,154,118)
Finance to customers, net		1,137,191,005	959,620,883

7.3.1 For the purpose of determining the percentage of past-due financing to total financing portfolio the CBOS defines past due financing as the total of past-due installments excluding profit margin. At December 31, 2014 the total of past-due installments excluding profit margins amounted to SDG 35,691,002 (2013: 7,669,565).

		2014	2013
8. OTHER INVESTMENTS		SDG	SDG
Investments in companies			
Al-Hadah Grain Silos for Investments	8.1	10,705,738	10,626,000
Less: Provision for Impairment		(10,705,738)	(10,626,000)
Subtotal			_
Equity participation	8.2	5,037,873	6,461,000
Total		5,037,873	6,461,000

^{8.1} Al-Hadah Grain Silos for Investments : Represents equity shares in a private company acquired in exchange of debt.

^{8.2} Represents equity participation in private limited companies fully owned by the two consolidated subsidiaries of the Bank. In the opinion of management the fair value of these investments is not less than their carrying value at December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended December 31, 2014 9- OTHER ASSETS 2014 2013 SDG SDG23,561,247 Cotton Inventory Commission receivable (Gezira Scheme Syndication) 6,522,247 8,226,929 Accrued income 17,249,583 18,960,100 Assets acquired for Murabaha financing 4,801,362 Prepaid expenses 3,262,439 1,799,935 Deferred expenses 3,748,045 821,028 Sundry receivables - SEEN for Mills 7,857,309 3,389,441 Sundry receivables - others 354,304 586,328 Other 70,798 72,083 Total 62,625,972 38,657,206

The attached notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

UNITED CAPITAL BANK

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

10- PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

	Land and	IT equipment	Office equipment,	Motor vehicles	Intangible assets:	Total
		Sas	fixtures SDG	Sas	Software SDG	Sas
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2014	62,142,246	5,208,000	4,478,064	3,277,698	10,479,738	85,585,746
Acquisitions	4,324,685	881,640	1,449,948	3,189,511	I	9,845,784
Disposals	I	(655)	(21,228)	(593,115)	I	(614,998)
Balance at December 31, 2014	66,466,931	6,088,985	5,906,784	5,874,094	10,479,738	94,816,532
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at January 1, 2014	6,296,330	3,983,587	2,698,771	1,395,343	8,020,457	22,394,488
Depreciation expense for the year	1,797,001	646,348	840,487	925,986	1,595,155	5,804,977
Disposals	I	(654)	(17,600)	(593,110)	I	(611,364)
Balance at December 31, 2014	8,093,331	4,629,281	3,521,658	1,728,219	9,615,612	27,588,101
Net book value at December 31, 2014	58,373,600	1,459,704	2,385,126	4,145,875	864,126	67,228,431
Net book value at December 31, 2013	55.845.916	1.224.413	1.779.293	1.882.355	2,459,281	63.191.258

The attached notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL	CTATEMENTS	
Year ended 31 December 2014	SIAIEMENIS	
		2012
Note		2013
11- DUE TO BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTION		SDG
Local banks Foreign banks	214,790,190	134,628,798
Payable for foreign banks 11.1	70.162.260 95.475.915	128.322.511 165.172.658
Total	380.428.365	·
111D (M. 1.1.6") 11.6"		
11.1 Represents Murabaha financing payable to foreign financial i	institutions.	
	2014	2013
12- CUSTOMERS' DEPOSITS	SDG	SDG
Current accounts - Individuals	38,605,777	30,979,064
Current accounts - Corporates	274,468,685	197.349.858
Total current accounts 12.1	313,074,402	228.328.922
Margins - LCs, LGs & other deposits 12.1 Total	43,003,001	
Total	<u>358.158.323</u>	293.952.687
	2014	2013
12.1- Foreign currency deposits included in customers' deposit		SDG
Current accounts	67,871,862	73,621,645
Margins - LCs, LGs & other deposits	42.553.316	52.801.133
Total	<u>110.425.178</u>	126.422.778
	2014	2013
13- OTHER LIABILITIES	SDG	SDG
Bills payable	3,798,560	10,048,600
Zakat payable	9,225,817	3,114,423
Business profit tax payable	20,866,229	18,734,783
Provision for Staff end of service benefits	4,054,787	2,742,886
Board of Directors remuneration	2,561,078	1,869,830
FX differences under settlement	_	2,750,744
Unearned commissions	5,304,307	7,216,822
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	41,197,527	11,785,391
Funds collected form syndications managed by the Bank	85,958,035	42,223,228
Others	40,434	71,395
Total	173,006,774	100,558,102
14. INVESTMENT DEPOSITS OF BANKS AND	2014	2013
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	SDG	SDG
Local banks and financial institutions		
Local banks and financial institutions Foreign banks and financial institutions	260,038,481	256,639,047
Sub-total	<u>59,643,060</u> 319,681,541	<u>44,608,978</u> 301,248,025
Return to Unrestricted Investment Account holders	25,983,980	22,579,460
Payments on account of profit during the year	(9,946,141)	(10,202,902)
Total	335,719,380	313,624,583
		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

15. OTHER INVESTMENT DEPOSITS

Corporations	228,407,224	73,628,972
Individuals	40,368,474	38,010,089
Quasi-government	7.282.179	7.203.179
Sub-total Sub-total	276.057.877	118.842.240
Return to Unrestricted Investment Account holders	10.357.090	13.021.437
Payments on account of profit during the year	(4.622.346)	(2.742.614)
Annual subscriptions to Deposits Guarantee Fund	(133.305)	(72,289)
Total	_281.659.316_	129.048.774

All investment deposits include balances in foreign currencies equivalent to SDG 129,671,425 (2013: 123,853,708)

2014

SDG

2013

SDG

16- SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized, issued and paid up share capital:
24 million shares of SDG 10 each (2013: 24 million shares of SDG 10 each)
240,000,000
240,000,000

17- SHARE PREMIUM

The share premium is not available for distribution and is subject to the rules governing the statutory reserve.

18- STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank of Sudan, a minimum of 10% of the Bank's net income for the year is transferred to statutory reserve until this reserve equals the paid up capital of the Bank. This reserve is not available for distribution.

19- FOREIGN CURRENCIES REVALUATION

In accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank of Sudan, the foreign currencies revaluation gains must be deducted from the retained earnings and be disclosed in a separate line in the statement of financial position.

	2014	2013
20- PROPOSED DIVIDENDS	SDG	SDG
Cash dividends of SDG 1.6 per share of SDG 10 each	38,400,000	33,600,000

The Board of Directors have resolved, to recommend to the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders to approve distribution of cash dividends equal to 16% of the Bank's paid up capital as at December 31, 2014 (2013: 14%), from 2014 profits available for distribution and to supplement shortage, if any, from prior years retained earnings, subject to the approval of Central Bank of Sudan.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

21- INCOME FROM INVESTMENT WITH BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
Realized income from deposits with banks & financial institutions:		
Local banks	5,106,194	1,953,283
Foreign banks	3,105	124,240
	5,109,299	2,077,523
Accrued income from deposits with banks & financial institutions:		
Local banks	464,122	2,825,735
Total Income from investment with banks and financials	5,573,421	4,903,258
22- INCOME FROM INVESTMENT IN SECURITIES	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
Realized income (loss) from redeemed securities:		
Shahama certificates Shasha certificates Government Investment Certificates (GIC)	14.948.076 3.843.373	14.048.227 3.817.953 (7.205)
Shihab certificates Liquidity Management Fund Global Housing Investment Fund	286.748 116.070	1.843.380
Sudan Academy for Financial and Banking Studies Fund Sudatel shares	60.240	360.664 36.142 239.480
Total realized income from redeemed securities	19.254.507	20.338.641
Unrealized gain/(loss) from unliquidated securities Shahama securities	6,923,306	4,139,228
Total	26,177,813	24,477,869
23- INCOME FROM FINANCE TO CUSTOMERS	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
Murabaha Istisnaa/ Mugawala Ijarah	88,419,391 3,208,226 24,734,486	90,179,613 8,079,692 12,101,382
Salam	1,600,297	_
Syndicated Mudaraba with banks	(169,831)	381,252
Musharakah	485,185	1,333,731
Total		112,070,070

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

Notes	2014	2013
24- RETURN TO UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS	SDG	SDG
Unrestricted investment account holders' share of		
profit before the Bank's share as Mudarib	46,879,174	47,080,493
Bank's share as Mudarib	(14,045,689)	(11,870,209)
Unrestricted Investment Account holders' share	32.833.485	35,210,284
of profit after the Bank's share as Mudarih	2,669,563	390,257
Support provided by the Bank from its share as Mudarib	2,009,303	390,237
Unrestricted Investment Account holders' share of profit after the Bank's support	35,503,048	35,600,541
A		
Average profit distribution rates: Investment accounts in local currency (SDG)	0.050/	10.220/
Investment accounts in foreign currencies	9.85% 4.32%	10.33% 4.95%
investment decounts in roteign earteneres	4.32/6	4.9.176
	2014	2013
25- FEE INCOME	SDG	SDG
Letters of credit	6.714.035	20.492.059
Letters of guarantees	2.927.666	3.819.819
Administration fees	1,919,290	2,658,185
Draft cheques, transfers and remittances	2.289.659	1,592,457
Management of restricted investment accounts	1.531.975	269.687
Brokerage fees	340,600	445,462
Investment advisory services	7.747.172	2.257.826
Fee from other banking services	2.194.863	2.376.281
Total	25.665.260	33,911,776
	2014	2013
26- FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN, NET	SDG	SDG
Transaction gain, net	306,285	686,437
Revaluation gain	8,316,034	1,934,155
Total	8,622,319	2,620,592
	=====	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014	2013
27- GENERAL AND ADMINSTRATIVE		SDG	SDG
EXPENSES			
Bank premises expense	27.1	4.084.806	3,192,273
Communications		619,482	559,215
Maintenance of equipment, furniture & motor vehicles		1.344.236	1,154,381
Computer expenses		2.679.602	2,409,079
Marketing & promotion		1.351.361	886,156
Office supplies		519,392	375,000
Business travel		237.257	318.697
Legal and consultants expenses		1.352.304	749.958
Training		894.145	1.308.911
Subscriptions		1,067,974	819,771
Board and General Assembly expenses		4.379.036	3.080.391
Bank charges		57.353	2,459
Donations		146.129	165.808
Cash Insurance		724,902	346,069
Central Bank of Sudan penalties		_	3,000
Catering Service		584.284	379.178
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		_	34.598
Other		548,789	583,516
Total		20,591,052	16,368,460

27.1- Bank premises expense

This item includes rent in addition to expenses related to security, water, electricity, cleaning and maintenance.

	2014	2013
28- EARNINGS PER SHARE	SDG	SDG
Net income for the year	68.470.503	60.542.395
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	24,000,000	24.000.000
Earnings per share (in SDG)	2.95	2.52

The Bank did not issue any instruments which would have a dilutive impact on earnings per share when exercised. Therefore the calculation of diluted earnings per share is not applicable to the Bank.

	Notes	2014	2013
29- CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT		SDG	SDG
Cash and balances with banks and financial institutions	4	376,444,349	338,341,571
Investment deposits with banks and financial institutions	5	75,000,000	86,618,516
Total		451,444,349	424.960.087
Central Bank of Sudan - Statutory cash reserve	4	(59,458,398)	(50,789,721)
Cash margin on letters of credit with correspondent banks		(27,186,187)	(8,068,246)
		364,799,764	366,102,120

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

30- RELATED PARTY

Related parties comprise the major shareholders, members of the Board of Directors, entities controlled by them or under their joint control, associates, key management personnel and their close family members. Major shareholders are those holding more than 5% of the Bank's issued share capital. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Bank, directly or indirectly including Board Members. The related party transactions are governed by the regulations issued by the Central Bank of Sudan. Balances with related parties arise from commercial transactions in the normal course of business on an arm's length basis and are included within the following consolidated financial statement captions:

2014

	Major shareholders, directors and their affiliated entities	Key Management Personnel	Total at December 31, 2014
Balance sheet items:	<u>SDG</u>	<u>SDG</u>	SDG
Cash and balances with banks and financial institution	549,591	-	549,591
Financing and investing assets	414,482	-	414,482
Due to banks and financial institutions	34,368,975	-	34,368,975
Current and investments deposits	101,575,568	93,535	101,669,103
Non-controlling interest	-	17,455	17,455
Income statement items:	•		
Profit from financing	449,838	-	449,838
Bank charges	-	-	-
Key Management Personnel compensation:	•		
Salaries and other benefits	-	4,852,882	4,852,882
Post-employment benefits	-	699,376	699,376

2013

	Major shareholders,	Key	Total at
	Directors and their	Management	December 31,
	affiliated entities	Personnel	2013
Balance sheet items:	<u>SDG</u>	<u>SDG</u>	<u>SDG</u>
Cash and balances with banks and financial institution	14,015,944	-	14,015,944
Financing and investing assets	149,849	-	149,849
Due to banks and financial institutions	89,423,705	-	89,423,705
Current and investments deposits	34,894,525	1,414,473	36,308,998
Non-controlling interest	-	18,481	18,481
Income statement items:			
Profit from financing	24,578	-	24,578
Bank charges	3,179,605	-	3,179,605
Key Management Personnel compensation:			
Salaries and other benefits	-	4,346,382	4,346,382
Post-employment benefits	-	2,360,088	2,360,088

The attached notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

31- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies at December 31, are as follow:

	Notes	2014 SDG	2013 SDG
31.1.Financing - related commitments and co	ontingencies :	520	520
Letters of credit		47,316,984	74,527,172
Letters of guarantees		105,997,713	95,672,608
Acceptances		303,436,896	484,328,182
Total financing - related commitments and contingencies	d	456,751,593	654,527,962
31.2 Non-financing related commitments :			
Restricted investment accounts	32	930,928,139	556,143,033
Total commitments and contingencies		1.387.679.732	1.210.670.995

Financing related commitments and contingencies

Financing-related commitments and contingencies mainly comprise letters of credit, guarantees, acceptance and irrevocable commitments to extend credit.

The primary purpose of these instruments is to ensure that funds are available to customers as required.

Documentary letters of credit, which are written undertakings by the Bank on behalf of a customer authorizing a third party to draw drafts on the Bank up to a stipulated amount under specific terms and conditions, are generally collateralized by the underlying shipments of goods to which they relate, and therefore have significantly less risk.

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Bank expects most acceptances to be presented before being reimbursed by the customers.

Commitments to extend credit represent the unused portion of the approved credit limits, principally in the form of direct financing, guarantees and letters of credit. The Bank is not exposed to loss on these commitments since it maintains the contractual right to revoke these commitments at its sole discretion at any time.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

31- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

The contractual structure of the Bank's financing-related commitments and contingencies is as follows:

	within 3 months	3-6 months	6m- 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
2014	<u>SDG</u>	SDG	SDG	<u>SDG</u>	SDG
Letters of credit	14,111,808	5,620,776	27,584,400	-	47,316,984
Letters of guarantee	13,800,280	85,607,633	6,589,800	-	105,997,713
Acceptances	303,436,896		-	-	303,436,896
Total	331,348,984	91,228,409	34,174,200	-	456,751,593

	within 3 months	3-6 months	6m- 1 year	More than1year	Total
2013	SDG	<u>SDG</u>	SDG	SDG	<u>SDG</u>
Letters of credit	73,370,069	1,157,103		-	74,527,172
Letters of guarantee	59,577,696	176,377	381,405	35,537,130	95,672,608
Acceptances	219,211,012	29,471,261	235,645,909	-	484,328,182
Total	352,158,777	30,804,741	236,027,314	35,537,130	654,527,962

32. RESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS

The Bank manages restricted investment accounts, on a fiduciary basis, with assets totaling SDG 930,928,139 as at December 31, 2014 (2013: SDG 556,143,033). These transactions are governed by the regulations of the Central Bank of Sudan. The financial statements of these accounts, and assets held in trust or in a fiduciary capacity, are not included in the consolidated financial statements of the Bank.

The maximum Bank's risk exposure is limited to its profit share as Mudarib receivable in return for the management of the accounts. The Bank does not guarantee the account holders equities & liabilities other than operational risk represented by the non-compliance with investment conditions.

These accounts are invested individually as specified by the account holders and are not organized in the form of mutual fund.

Changes in restricted investment accounts and the assets in which they are invested and classification by sector as at 31 December are as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

32. RESTRICTED INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS (continued)

a) Movement during the year: Balance at beginning of the year Additions Balance at end of the year	2014 SDG 465.738.596 465,189,543 930,928,139	2013 SDG 465.738.596 90,404,437 556,143,033
b) By type of assets :		
Murabaha finance	366,823,718	403,226,006
Istisnaa finance	32,968,633	68,358,794
Salam finance	71,448,511	37,273,154
Cotton Stock	354,521,963	_
Musharaka finance	450,000	_
Shahama Securities	103,607,735	46,177,500
Sudatel Shares	1,107,579	1,107,579
Total	930,928,139	556,143,033
c) By sector :		
Banks and financial institutions	930,478,139	556,143,033
Individuals	450,000	-
Total	930,928,139	556,143,033

33. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The Bank monitors the adequacy of its capital using the ratios and weights established by the Central Bank of Sudan which are in line with the requirements of the Islamic Financial Services Board (IFSB) and Basel Committee. These ratios measure capital adequacy by comparing the Bank's eligible capital with its balance sheet assets and commitments at a weighted amount to reflect their relative risks.

	Eligible Capital		Capital Ade	quacy Ratio
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	SDG	SDG	SDG	SDG
Core capital (Tier 1)	449,802,557	331,657,116	54%	49%
Core and supplementary capital (Tier 2	460,727,304	340,681,345	56%	51%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

33. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (continued)

The Central Bank of the Sudan Circular No. 6/2009 issued at March 11, 2009 requires all banks operating in the Sudan to maintain a Risk Weighted Asset Ratio (the 'Basel Ratio') at a minimum of 12% (Basel II: 8%)

Tier 1 Capital comprises share capital and premium, statutory reserve and retained earnings at the period/year end, less prescribed deductions.

Tier 2 Capital comprises the elements of Tire1 in addition to fair value revaluation and a prescribed amount of eligible portfolio (general) provisions less prescribed deductions.

The Bank has implemented the capital adequacy standard issued by the Islamic Financial Services Board (IFSB) (which is in line with Basel II) effective January 1, 2009 as required by the Central Bank of Sudan. The Bank uses the standardized approach of Basel II, as stipulated by the IFSB standard and the Central Bank of Sudan to calculate the Risk Weighted Assets and required Regulatory Capital for Pillar 1 (including credit risk, market risk and operational risk). Quarterly prudential returns are submitted to the Central Bank of Sudan showing the Capital Adequacy Ratio.

	Risk Weighted Assets		
	2014 SDG	2013 SDG	
Credit Risk	1,316,687,803	918,618,457	
Operational risk	165,821,020	136,447,332	
Market risk	112,188,388	96,812,172	
Total Pillar 1 - Risk Weighted Assets	1,594,697,211	1,151,877,961	

34- FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

34.1 Financial instruments

Financial instruments cover all financial assets and liabilities of the Bank. Financial assets include cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions, investment in securities, financing to customers and certain other assets. Financial liabilities include customers' accounts, due to banks and other financial institutions, and certain other liabilities. Financial instruments also include unrestricted investment accounts and contingent liabilities and commitments included in off balance sheet items.

By its nature the Bank's activities are principally related to the use of financial instruments. The Bank accepts deposits from customers for various periods and seeks to earn profit by investing these funds in quality assets. The Bank also seeks to increase its profit spread by making investments in diversified products and services and by consolidating short and long-term investment strategies while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due.

34.2 Risk management

Risk is an integral part of the Bank's business and is critical to the Bank's continuing success and profitability. The essence of effective risk management is to strike an optimal balance between return and risk that lead to enhance depositors and shareholders value through business profits commensurate with the risk appetite of the Bank.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

34- FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

34.2 Risk management(continued)

The authority of risk management of the Bank is vested in the Risk and Audit Committees, whose members are nominated by the Board. The Risk Committee assists the Board of Directors and the senior management in performing their risk management oversight function. The Committee is responsible to ensure that the Bank adopts, maintains and applies appropriate risk management policies and procedures. The process of risk management is carried out by the Risk Management Department which is mandated with identifying, quantifying and assessing all risks and setting appropriate prudential limits within the parameters of the overall risk strategy approved by the Board.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring compliance with the Bank's risk management policies and procedures and for reviewing the adequacy of the risk management framework. The Audit Committee is assisted in these functions by the Internal Audit and Compliance Departments.

The risk management strategy in respect of each of these types of risks is set out below:

34.2.1. Profit rate risk

The profit rate risk refers to the risk due to change of profit rates, which might affect the future earnings of the Bank. Exposure to profit rate risk is managed by the Bank through diversification of assets portfolio and by matching the maturities of assets and liabilities.

In line with the policy approved by the Board of Directors, the Bank's Assets and Liabilities Management Committee (ALCO) performs regular reviews of the assets and liabilities situation of the Bank in order to ensure that the maturity gap between assets and liabilities is maintained at minimum level and also to ensure that financing and investments are made for quality assets at higher rates of return.

34.2.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge and obligation causing the other party to incur a financial loss.

The Bank attempts to manage its credit risk exposure through diversification of its financing and investment activities to avoid undue concentration of risk with individuals or group of customers in specific locations or economic sectors. The Bank pursues its policies to safeguard its interest and in a prudent manner obtains tangible or intangible securities and collaterals for financing, investments and contingent commitments. The Bank controls the credit risk arising from its financing and investment activities through its risk management and the approval process and use of risk control limits and monitoring procedures.

The exposure to any one customer including banks and financial institutions is controlled by a set off limits for each major customer covering on and off balance sheet exposures. Actual exposure of the customers is regularly monitored against the limits approved for such customers. Credit risk exposure is also managed through regular analysis of the ability of the customer to meet the repayment obligations and by making appropriate changes to the limits where needed.

Note 7.2 discloses the economic sector distribution of financing to customers.

34.2.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of a bank being unable to meet its funding requirements. Liquidity risk can be caused by market disruptions or credit downgrades, which may cause certain sources of funding to cease immediately. To mitigate this risk, the Bank has diversified its sources of funding and maintained a diversified portfolio of high quality liquid assets, and readily marketable securities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

34.2.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the assets and liabilities of the Bank are disclosed below. The contractual maturities of assets and liabilities have been determined on the basis of the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Management monitors the maturity profile to ensure that adequate liquidity is maintained.

The maturity profile of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	2014				
	within 3 months	3-6 months	6m-1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Assets	SDG	SDG	SDG	SDG	SDG
Cash and balances with banks and financial	355,650,726	10,638,153	10,155,470	-	376,444,349
Investments with banks and financial institutions	60,000,000	15,000,000	-	-	75,000,000
Investments in securities	88,204,945	31,041,000	124,494,000	16,558,000	260,297,945
Finance to customers, net	176,560,848	435,654,584	216,858,855	308,116,718	1,137,191,005
Other investments	-	-	-	5,037,873	5,037,873
Other assets	10,531,451	3,476,227	34,265,017	14,353,277	62,625,972
Property and equipment, net	-	-	-	67,228,431	67,228,431
TOTAL ASSETS	690,947,970	495,809,964	385,773,342	411,294,299	1,983,825,575

Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

Due to banks and financial institutions	106,505,048	216,376,412	57,546,905	-	380,428,365
Customers' deposits	358,158,323	-	-	-	358,158,323
Other Liabilities	54,092,287	6,631,198	65,701,015	46,582,274	173,006,774
Equity of unrestricted investment account holders	478,669,159	39,850,470	97,368,559	1,490,508	617,378,696
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	17,455	17,455
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	454,835,962	454,835,962
TOTAL LIABILITIES, AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	997,424,817	262,858,080	220,616,479	502,926,199	1,983,825,575

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

34.2.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2013 is as follows:

	2013				
	within 3 months	3-6 months	6m-1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Assets	SDG	<u>SDG</u>	SDG	SDG	SDG
Cash and balances with banks and financial	336,972,339	1,369,232	-	-	338,341,571
Investments with banks and financial institutions	56,618,516	20,000,000	10,000,000	-	86,618,516
Investments in securities	31,232,958	6,885,229	57,723,432	96,560,000	192,401,619
Finance to customers, net	114,655,143	167,004,180	196,485,770	481,475,790	959,620,883
Other investments	-	-	-	6,461,000	6,461,000
Other assets	28,367,011	9,117,337	546,449	626,409	38,657,206
Property and equipment, net	-	-	-	63,191,258	63,191,258
TOTAL ASSETS	567,845,967	204,375,978	264,755,651	648,314,457	1,685,292,053

Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

Due to banks and financial institutions	248,180,400	15,406,334	144,581,624	19,955,609	428,123,967
Customers' deposits	293,952,687	-	-	-	293,952,687
Other Liabilities	73,747,127	14,649,794	9,364,455	2,796,726	100,558,102
Equity of unrestricted investment account holders	245,315,502	81,860,616	73,634,683	41,862,556	442,673,357
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	18,481	18,481
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	419,965,459	419,965,459
TOTAL LIABILITIES, AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	861,195,716	111,916,744	227,580,762	484,598,831	1,685,292,053

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

34.2.4 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

The Bank is exposed to foreign currency risk on transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the Sudanese Pound. The Bank has a set of limits to the level of exposure by currency and in total which are monitored on a daily basis to ensure that the net exposure is kept at an acceptable level.

At year end the Bank had the following significant net exposure denominated in foreign currencies in equivalence to SDG:

Currency	Dec. 31, 2014	Dec. 31, 2013
	Long (short)	Long (short)
Euro	26,574,464	(17,596,425)
US Dollar	95,705,365	109,646,886
Other currencies	4,761,337	(11,468,568)

Long position indicates that the assets in a foreign currency are higher than the liabilities in the same currency; the opposite applies to short position.

34.2.5 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of an asset will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

Market risk is managed on the basis of pre-determined asset allocations across various asset categories, a continuous appraisal of market conditions and trends and management's estimate of long and short term changes in fair value.

The Bank is not exposed to material risk in terms of the re-pricing of its liabilities since, in accordance

with Islamic Shariah, the Bank does not provide a guaranteed contractual rate of return to its depositors.

34.2.6 Risk of managing customers'

The Bank provides investment administration services to third parties in relation to funds provided by them. These services give rise to legal and operational risk. Such risks are mitigated through detailed daily procedures to ensure compliance.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

34.2.7 Operational and other risks

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss due to an event or action causing failure of technology, process infrastructure, personnel, and other risks having an impact on the operations. The Bank seeks to minimize actual or potential losses from operational risks failure through a framework of policies and procedures that are approved by its Board of Directors and are applied to identify, assess, control and manage operational risk. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access, authorization and reconciliation procedures, staff education and assessment processes. Other types of risks to which the Bank is exposed such as regulatory risk, legal risk, and reputation risk. Regulatory risk is controlled through the framework of compliance policies and procedures. Legal risk is managed through the effective use of internal and external legal advisors. Reputation risk is controlled through regular examinations of issues that are considered to have reputation repercussions for the Bank, with guidelines and policies being issued as appropriate.

The operational risk function of the Bank is in line with the Central Bank of Sudan instructions regarding the general guidelines for internal controls and sound practices for managing and supervising operational risk in banks.

35. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

For the years ended at December 31, 2014 and 2013 the Bank principally provided banking services, including financing and deposit taking to corporate and institutional customers with insignificant portion of its business directed to individual customers mainly having employment relationship with the Bank's institutional customers.

Therefore no primary segment information is presented since the Bank's total assets, liabilities, operating income and expenses, commitments and contingencies as reported in the consolidated financial statements at December 31, 2014 and 2013 are principally derived from the Bank's corporate and institutional business.

Also, no secondary segment information is presented as the Bank operates only in the Republic of the Sudan and does not conduct operations in other geographical segments.

36. SHARIAH SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE

The Bank's activities are subject to the supervision of a Shariah Supervisory Committee which is appointed by the General Assembly. The Committee supervises the Bank's transactions to ensure compliance with Shariah rules, prepares and submits annual report to the General Assembly.

37. COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Certain 2013 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Such reclassifications did not have an impact on the previously reported net profit or retained earnings.



Shandi 250 k north of Khartoum and the Pyramids were infamously plundered by Italian explorer Giuseppe Ferlini in 1834.

List of Correspondent Banks

1-	Denmark Danske Bank	8- LebanonFransabankAlbaraka Lebanon
2-	Egypt National Bank of Egypt Banque Du Caire African Export and Import Bank	9- QatarQatar National BankQatar Islamic Bank
3-	Germany Commerzbank	10- Sultanate of OmanBank Muscat
4-	Italy Banca UBAE	11- TurkeyKuwait Turkish Participation Bank
5-	Jordan Jordan Commercial Bank	12- United Arab of EmiratesAbu Dhabi Islamic Bank (ADIB)
6-	Kingdom of Bahrain Alubaf Arab International Bank Bank Muscat International (BMI) Ithmaar Bank	13- United KingdomBritish Arab Commercial Bank (BACB)
7- •	Kuwait Boubyan Bank	



Directory of Head office, branches and subsidiary companies

Head Office Plot 411 , Square 65, Mamoun

Beheiry St,

South of Green Square, Khartoum

P.O Pox: 8210 Al Amarat , Khartoum, Sudan

Postal code: 11111

Tel: 00249-183-247700 Fax: 00249-183-235000 Websites: www.bankalmal.net

www.capitalbank-sudan.net

E-Mail Address: <u>almal@bankalmal.net</u>

Swift Code : CBSKSDKH

Main Branch Plot 411 , Square 65, Mamoun

Beheiry St,

South of Green Square, Khartoum

P.O Pox : 8210 Al Amarat , Khartoum, Sudan

Tel: 00249-183-247700 Fax: 00249-183-248490 **Khartoum North** Plot 130, Square 8, Al Sinaat Street,

Branch Khartoum North

P.O Pox: 1173 Khartoum - Sudan Tel: 00249-185-324480 Fax: 00249-185-324001

Omdurman Branch Plot 6, Square 4 / 5

Alarda North, South Hilal Stadium,

Omdurman

P.O Pox: 1500 Omdurman - Sudan

Tel: 00249-183-731999 Fax: 00249-183-731998

Rabak Branch Plot 390, Square 3

P.O Box : 203 Rabak - Sudan Tel : 00249-572-829480 Fax : 00249-572-829481

Subsidiary Companies

1- Al mal United for Securities Co, Ltd

Plot 411, Square 65, Mamoun Beheiry St, South Green Square Khartoum

P.O Pox: 8210 Al Amarat , Khartoum, Sudan

Tel: 00249-183-247700 Fax: 00249-183-235000

2- Mawarid Investment Co.Ltd

Plot 411, Square 65, Mamoun Beheiry St, South Green Square Khartoum

P.O Pox: 8210 Al Amarat , Khartoum, Sudan

Tel: 00249-183-247700 Fax: 00249-183-235000



Hite - eared kob antelope (Kobus leucotis) near Boma Plateau in April, at the beginning of their migration to follow the rains beginning to fall in the Southwest of Sudan.



